

# Safety Data Sheet

## 1. Identification of the preparation and the Company

### 1.1 Identification of the preparation

Product name FSS COAT

### 1.2 Identification of the Company

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## 2. Composition/Information on ingredients

Name	Concentr.(C)	Classification
TURPENTINE HEAVY HYDRODESULPHURATED NAPHTA (PETROLEUM) N° Cas 64742-82-1 N° CE 265-185-4	0,39 <= C < 0,44	R66 R67 Xn R65 N R51/53 R10
XYLENE MIXTURE N° Cas 1330-20-7 N° CE 215-535-7 N° Index 601-022-00-9	0,3 <= C < 2,3	Xn R20/21 Xi R38
SOLVENT NAPHTA (COAL) N° Cas 65996-79-4 N° CE 266-013-0 N° Index 648-020-00-4	34,1 <= C < 49,1	R10 R66 R67 Xn R65 XiN R36/37/38R51/53

The complete text of -R- phrases is specified in section 16.

## 3. Danger Identification

### 3.1 Substance/Preparation Classification

This preparation is dangerous under 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC regulations and subsequent amendments. This preparation requires a safety data sheet according to the 91/155/EC regulation and subsequent amendments. Further information on health and/or environmental hazards can be found in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Danger Symbols: Xi-N

Phrases R: 10-36/37/38-51/53-66-67

### 3.2 Danger Identification

Because of its chemical-physical features, this product is graded as flammable (flash-point 21 °C or higher and 55 °C or lower).

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

## 4. First-aid measures

**EYES:** Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes. Immediately seek medical advice.

**SKIN:** Immediately wash with plenty of water. Remove all contaminated clothing. Obtain immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing separately before using them.

**INHALATION:** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Obtain immediate medical attention.

**INGESTION:** Obtain immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Give nothing by mouth to an unconscious person.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Closed containers exposed to the heat of a fire may lead to pressure rise and explode. For information on environmental and health risks, protection of the respiratory airways, ventilation and individual protective measures refer to the other sections of this sheet.

Extinguishing measures: CO<sub>2</sub>, foam, chemical powder for flammable liquids. Water may not be effective to extinguish the fire, nevertheless it should be used to cool the containers exposed to flames and prevent fires and explosions. For leakage and spillage that have not caught fire, nebulized water may be used to disperse the flammable vapours and protect the people involved in stopping the leakage.

Equipment: wear equipment complete with helmet and face shield and protection of the neck, selfbreathing apparatus at pressure or demand, insulative jacket and trousers, with bands around the arms, legs and waist.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Cover with inert absorbent material. Collect spillages by means of sparkproof equipment. Use water only to remove residuals, so as not to run the risk of enter the sewer.

Do not let the product dry. Contaminated clothes must be left to soak in water before washing. In order to choose safety measures and protection equipment, please see the other sections of this sheet.

Spillage in waters: remove the liquid from the surface with flameproof pumps or manual pumps or suitable absorbent material. Resort to sinking and/or dispersion of the product with suitable substances in open waters, if permitted by the law.

## 7. Handling and storage

Store in a well ventilated place keeping the containers closed when not used. Do not smoke while handling. Keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition; do not spray in the vicinity of flames or incandescent materials.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

solvent naphta of carbon

- tlv twa

246

mg/m<sup>3</sup>

ACGIH

Adopt the closed circuit, if possible. If lacking, in order to avoid exposure and prevent its possible effects, even longterm, it is necessary to use adequate individual protective measures such as: masks, safety goggles, impermeable gloves and overalls, resistant to the product.

Ensure that all the operators follow the recommended precautions. Attach a copy to the containers in which the product may be transferred and do not use the product if the working conditions do not correspond to the recommended precautions; avoid contact with the eyes and skin and prolonged breathing of the vapours; store the container sealed when not being used.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling it. Accurately wash the hands with soap and water before meals and take a shower at the end of the work shift. Working clothes should be washed separately and stored in a separate place.

In order to prevent longterm effects, periodic health controls should be carried out even if not established by the Law, including supplementary examinations, which are deemed necessary according to the discretion of the occupational physician.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Colour

Odour

Physical State

Viscosity

Vapour density

Solubility

Evaporation speed

Comburent properties

pigmented

solvent like

liquid

N.A.

N.A.

insoluble

N.A.

N.A.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	N.A.
pH	N.A.
Boiling point	N.A.
Flash point	> 21°C
Explosive properties	N.A.
Vapour pressure	N.A.
Specific gravity	1,240Kg/l

## 10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage. When heated or in the event of a fire, carbon oxides may be released and vapours which are dangerous to health. The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

## 11. Toxicological information

Acute effects: contact with eyes may provoke irritation. Symptoms may include rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Vapour inhalation may moderately irritate the lower and upper respiratory tract and cause cough and respiratory disorders. At higher concentrations, it may also cause pulmonary edema. Contact with skin may cause irritation, erythema, dryness and chapped skin. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

This product contains highly volatile substances, which may cause serious depression of the central nervous system (CNS) and have negative effects such as drowsiness, dizziness, slow reflexes, narcosis.

## 12. Ecological information

The product is to be considered environmentally dangerous and presents toxicity to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Petroleum distillates, charcoal, vegetable extracts: they are mixtures of paraffinic, naphthenic, diterpenic and aromatic hydrocarbons. Their behaviour on the environment depends on the concentration. In each case use, according to good working practices, avoiding disposal in the environment. As a rule, the product is poorly biodegradable.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Consider the possibility of burning the product in a suitable incinerator: see at this regard art. 6 of CE 94/67 regulation. Acid or basic products must always be neutralized before undergoing any treatment, including biological treatment whenever feasible. If the waste is solid, it can be disposed of in a landfill in compliance with laws and regulations.

This standard is valid also for empty containers, after an accurate rinsing. Do never downflow into sewerage or surface and underground watercourses.

## 14. Transport information

These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations. These goods must be packed in their original packings or in packings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

Road and rail transport:

ADR:	3,III	UN:1263
Label:	3	
Nr. Kemler:	33	
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint or paint related material	

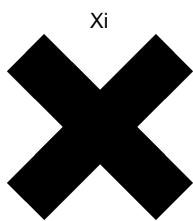
Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO class:	3	UN:1263
Packing Group:	III	
EMS:	3-05	
Marine Pollutant		
Proper Shipping Name:	Paint or paint related material	

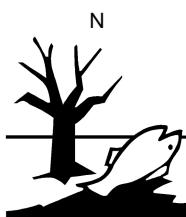
Transport by air:

IATA:	3	UN:1263	
Packing Group:	III		
Label:	3		
Cargo:			
Packaging instructions:	310	Maximum quantity:	220L
Pass.:			
Packaging instructions:	309	Maximum quantity:	60L
Special Instructions:	A72		

## 15. Regulatory information



IRRITANT



DANGEROUS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

R10	FLAMMABLE.
R36/37/38	IRRITATING TO EYES, RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND SKIN.
R51/53	TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.
R66	REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.
R67	VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.
S 2	KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN.
S23	DO NOT BREATHE GAS/FUMES/VAPOUR/SPRAY (APPROPRIATE WORDING TO BE SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER).
S29	DO NOT EMPTY INTO DRAINS.
S43	IN CASE OF FIRE, USE ... (INDICATE IN THE SPACE THE PRECISE TYPE OF FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT. IF WATER INCREASES RISK, ADD "NEVER USE WATER").
S51	USE ONLY IN WELL-VENTILATED AREAS.
S61	AVOID RELEASE TO THE ENVIRONMENT. REFER TO SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/SAFETY DATA SHEETS.

Danger labelling under regulations 67/548/CEE and 1999/45/CE and following amendments and adjustments.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must undergo health checks according to regulation 98/24/CE.

## 16. Further information

Text of -R- phrases quoted in section 2 of the sheet.

R10	FLAMMABLE.
R20/21	HARMFUL BY INHALATION AND IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.
R36/37/38	IRRITATING TO EYES, RESPIRATORY SYSTEM AND SKIN.
R38	IRRITATING TO SKIN.
R51/53	TOXIC TO AQUATIC ORGANISMS, MAY CAUSE LONG-TERM ADVERSE EFFECTS IN THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT.
R65	HARMFUL: MAY CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE IF SWALLOWED.
R66	REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY CAUSE SKIN DRYNESS OR CRACKING.
R67	VAPOURS MAY CAUSE DROWSINESS AND DIZZINESS.

## GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation 1999/45/CE and following amendments;
2. Regulation 67/548/CEE and following amendments and adjustments (technical adjustment XXVIII);
3. Regulation 91/155/CEE and following amendments;
4. The Merck Index. - 10th Edition;
5. Handling Chemical Safety;
6. Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances;
7. INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet);
8. Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology;
9. N.I. Sax-Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition;

## Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product .

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.